## STUDY LINK

## Division

Here is an example of the partial-quotients algorithm using an "at least...not more than" strategy.


| $8 \longdiv { 1 8 5 }$ |  | Begin estimating with multiples of 10. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| -80 | 10 | How many 8 s are in 185 ? At least 10. The first partial quotient. $10 * 8=80$ |
| 105 |  | Subtract. 105 is left to divide. |
| $\begin{array}{r} -80 \\ \hline 25 \end{array}$ | 10 | How many 8 s are in 105 ? At least 10. The second partial quotient. $10 * 8=80$ Subtract. 25 is left to divide. |
| -24 | 3 | How many 8 s are in 25 ? At least 3 . The third partial quotient. $3 * 8=24$ Subtract. 1 is left to divide. |
| 1 | 23 | Add the partial quotients: $10+10+3=23$ |
| $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |  |

Remainder Quotient Answer: 23 R1

Solve.

1. $639 \div 9$
2. $954 \div 18$

Answer: $\qquad$ Answer: $\qquad$
3. $1,990 / 24$

Answer: $\qquad$
4. 972 / 37

Answer: $\qquad$
5. Robert is making a photo album. 6 photos fit on a page. How many pages will he need for 497 photos? $\qquad$ pages

Practice
6. $2,746+68=$ $\qquad$
Check: $\qquad$ - $\qquad$
$\qquad$
7. $3,461-165=$ $\qquad$
Check: $\qquad$ $+$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$

