The Muscular System





or "Everything you ever wanted to know about Muscles, but were afraid to ask" !!!

The Skeletal Muscles

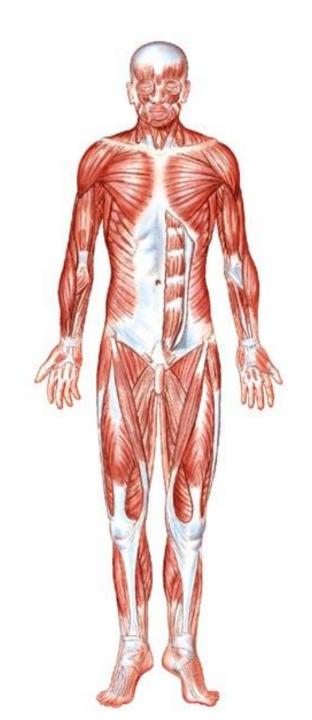
There are about 650 muscles in the human body. They enable us to move, maintain posture and generate heat. In this section we will only study a sample of the major muscles.

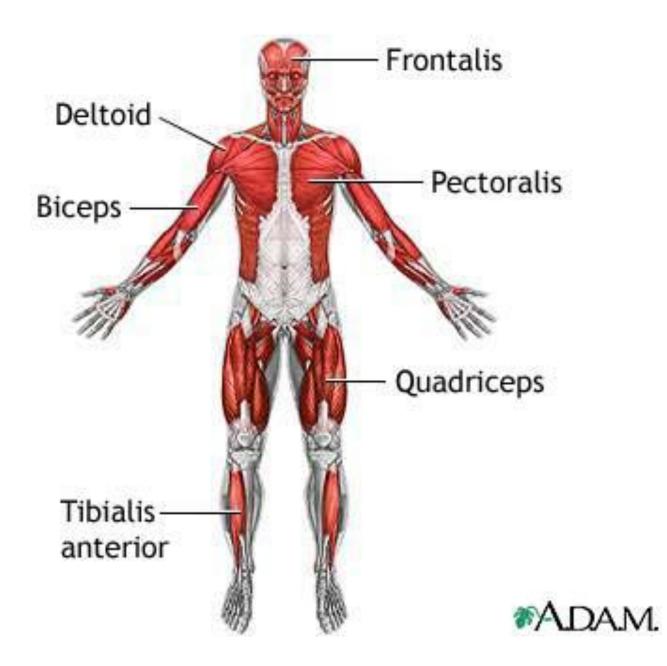
Did you know that ?

- more than 50% of body weight is muscle !
- And muscle is made up of proteins and water

A Few Fun Facts About Your Muscular System

- There are muscles in the root of your hair that give you goose bumps.
- It takes 17 muscles to smile and 42 muscles to frown.
- The hardest working muscle is in the eye.
- The largest muscle in your body is the Gluteus Maximus.





The Muscular System

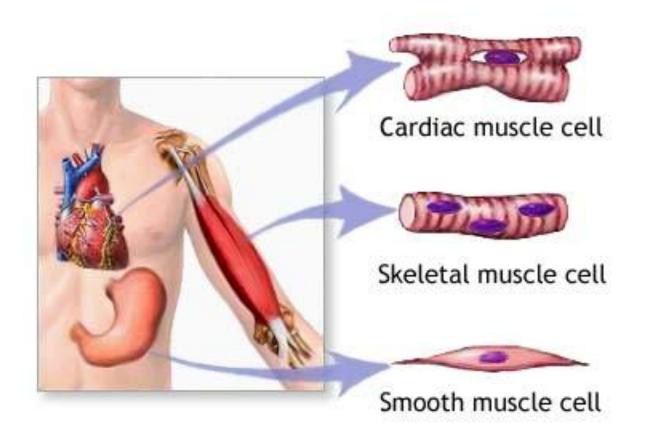
- Muscles are responsible for all *movement* of the body
- There are three basic types of muscle
 - Skeletal
 - Cardiac
 - Smooth

Info About Muscles

- Only body tissue able to *contract*
- create movement by *flexing* and *extending* joints
- Body *energy* converters (many muscle cells *contain many mitochondria*)

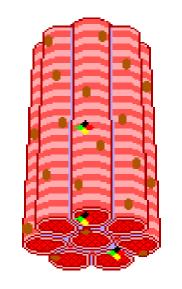


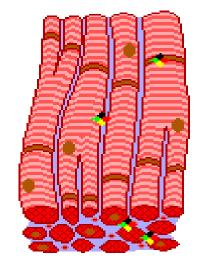
3 Types of Muscles

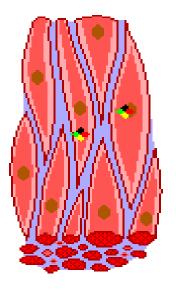


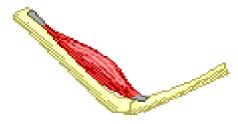


Three types of muscle





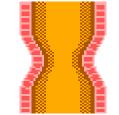




Skeletal



Cardiac



Smooth

Classification of Muscle

Skeletal-	Cardiac-	Smooth-
found in limbs	found in heart	Found in internal organs
voluntary	involuntary	involuntary

Shapes of Muscles

- *Triangular* shoulder, neck
- Spindle- arms, legs
- *Flat* diaphragm, forehead
- *Circular* mouth, anus

Skeletal Muscle

- Most are attached by *tendons* to bones
- Cells have more than one nucleus (*multinucleated*)
- *Striated* have stripes, banding
- *Voluntary* subject to conscious control
- Tendons are mostly made of *collagen* fibers
- Found in the limbs
- Produce movement, maintain posture, generate heat, stabilize joints

Skeletal muscle - Summary

- Voluntary movement of skeletal parts
- Spans joints and attached to skeleton
- Multi-nucleated, striated, cylindrical fibres



Smooth Muscle

- No striations
- *Spindle* shaped
- *Involuntary* no conscious control
- Found mainly in the walls of hollow organs

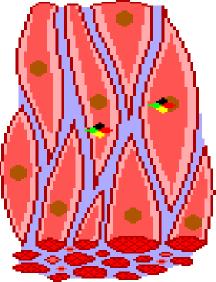
Smooth muscle

- Lines walls of viscera
- Found in longitudinal or circular arrangement
- Alternate contraction of circular & longitudinal muscle in the intestine leads to peristalsis



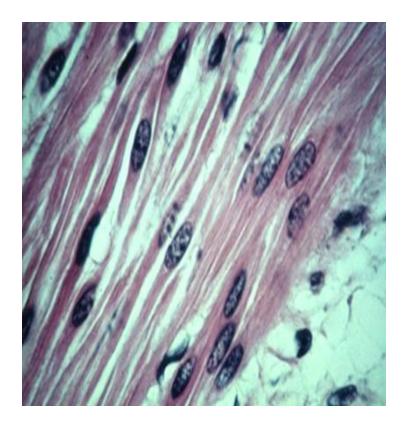
Structure of smooth muscle

- Spindle shaped uni-nucleated cells
- Striations not observed
- Actin and myosin filaments are present(protein fibers)



Smooth muscle - Summary

- Found in walls of hollow internal organs
- Involuntary movement of internal organs
- Elongated, spindle shaped fibre with single nucleus

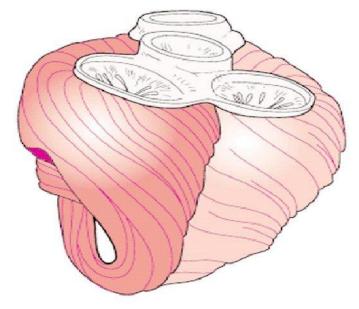


Cardiac Muscle

- Striations
- Involuntary
- Found only in the *heart*
- Usually has a single nucleus, but can have more than one

Cardiac muscle

- Main muscle of heart
- Pumping mass of heart
- Critical in humans
- Heart muscle cells
 behave as one unit
- Heart always contracts to it's full extent



Muscle Control

Type of muscle	Nervous control	Type of control	Example
Skeletal	Controlled by CNS	Voluntary	Lifting a glass
Cardiac	Regulated by ANS	Involuntary	Heart beating
Smooth	Controlled by ANS	Involuntary	Peristalsis

Face Muscles & 6 Major Muscles

http://kidshealth.org/kid/htbw/musc les.html#

Types of Responses

• Twitch-

- A single brief contraction
- Not a normal muscle function
- Tetanus
 - One contraction immediately followed by another
 - Muscle never completely returns to a relaxed state
 - Effects are compounded

More Types of Movement.....

- *Inversion* turn sole of foot medially
- *Eversion* turn sole of foot laterally
- **Pronation-** palm facing down
- *Supination* palm facing up
- *Opposition-* thumb touches tips of fingers on the same hand